Holy Family Senior School,

Aughnaharna,

Portlaoise,

Co. Laois



'Fáilte, Foghlaim, Fás'

Anti-Bullying Policy

1. Introduction

In accordance with the requirements of the *Education (Welfare) Act 2000* and the code of behaviour guidelines issued by the NEWB, the Board of Management of Holy Family Senior School has **adopted the following anti-bullying policy** within the framework of the school's overall code of behaviour. This policy fully complies with the requirements of the *Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools* (C45/2013) which were published in September 2013.

- 2. The Board of Management recognises the very serious nature of bullying and the negative impact that it can have on the lives of pupils and is therefore fully committed to the **following key principles of best practice** in preventing and tackling bullying behaviour:
 - (a) A positive school culture and climate which
 - is welcoming of difference and diversity and is based on inclusivity;
 - encourages pupils to disclose and discuss incidents of bullying behavior in a non-threatening environment; and
 - promotes respectful relationships across the school community;
 - (b) Effective leadership (see section 4)
 - (c) A school-wide approach; (see section 4)
 - (d) A shared understanding of what bullying is and its impact; (see section 3)
 - (e) Implementation of education and prevention strategies (including awareness raising measures) that:
 - Build empathy, respect and resilience in pupils; and
 - Explicitly address the issues of cyber-bullying and identity-based bullying including in particular, homophobic and transphobic bullying;
 - (f) Effective supervision and monitoring of pupils; (see section 4)
 - (g) Supports for staff; (see section 4)
 - (h) Consistent recording, investigation and follow up of bullying behavior (including use of established intervention strategies);
 - (i) On-going evaluation of the effectiveness of the anti-bullying policy

3. Definition of Bullying

In accordance with the *Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools* bullying is defined as follows:

Bullying is unwanted negative behavior, verbal, psychological or physical conducted by an individual or group against another person (or persons) and which is repeated over time.

The following types of behavior are included in the definition of bullying:

• deliberate exclusion, malicious gossip and other forms of relational bullying,

- cyber-bullying and
- identity-based bullying such as homophobic bullying, racist bullying, bullying based on a person's membership of the Traveller community and bullying of those with disabilities or special educational needs.

Isolated or once-off incidents of intentional negative behaviour, including a once-off offensive or hurtful text message or other private messaging, do not fall within the definition of bullying and should be dealt with, as appropriate, in accordance with the school's code of behaviour.

However, in the context of this policy, placing a once-off offensive or hurtful public message, image or statement on a social network site or other public forum where that message, image or statement can be viewed and/or repeated by other people will be regarded as bullying behaviour.

Negative behaviour that does not meet this definition of bullying will be dealt with in accordance with the school's code of behaviour.

This definition includes a wide range of behaviour, whether verbal or written, whether physical or social, whether targeting person or property, whether carried out directly or indirectly or through any electronic or other medium, which could harm a pupil or undermine her/his self-esteem or self-confidence.

The following are a list of examples of bullying behaviours taken from Appendix 1 of the Anti-Bullying procedures for primary and post Primary schools. This list is not exhaustive.

General behaviours which apply to all types of bullying	 Harassment based on any of the nine grounds in the equality legislation e.g. sexual harassment, homophobic bullying, racist bullying etc. Physical aggression Damage to property Name calling Slagging The production, display or circulation of written words, pictures or other materials aimed at intimidating another person Offensive graffiti Extortion Intimidation Exclusion Insulting or offensive gestures The "look" Invasion of personal space A combination of any of the types listed.
Cyber	Denigration: Spreading rumors, lies or gossip to hurt a person's reputation Harassment: Continually sending vicious, mean or disturbing messages to an individual Impersonation: Posting offensive or aggressive messages under another person's name Flaming: Using inflammatory or vulgar words to provoke an online fight Trickery: Fooling someone into sharing personal information which you then post online Outing: Posting or sharing confidential or compromising information or images

	Exclusion: Purposefully excluding someone from an online group Cyber stalking: Ongoing harassment and denigration that causes a person considerable fear for his/her safety:
	Silent telephone/mobile phone call
	Abusive telephone/mobile phone calls
	Abusive text messages
	Abusive email
	• Abusive communication on social networks e.g. Facebook/Ask.fm/
	Twitter/You Tube or on games consoles
	Abusive website comments/Blogs/Pictures
	Abusive posts on any form of communication technology
Identity Based Beh	
	e nine discriminatory grounds mentioned in Equality Legislation, (gender
	er, civil status, family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and
membership of the	Traveller community).
Homophobic and	Spreading rumours about a person's sexual orientation
Transgender	 Taunting a person of a different sexual orientation
	 Name calling e.g. Gay, queer, lesbianused in a derogatory manner
	Physical intimidation or attacks
	• Threats
Race, nationality,	• Discrimination, prejudice, comments or insults about colour,
ethnic background	nationality, culture, social class, religious beliefs, ethnic or traveller
and membership of	background
the Traveller	• Exclusion on the basis of any of the above
community	
	This involves manipulating relationships as a means of bullying.
	Behaviours include:
	Malicious gossip
Relational	Isolation & exclusion
	Ignoring Evaluding from the group
	 Excluding from the group Taking someone's friends away
	 Cattiness/talking behind a person's back/"Bitching"
	 Spreading rumours
	 Breaking confidence
	 Talking loud enough so that the victim can hear
	• The "look"
	• Use or terminology such as 'nerd' in a derogatory way
Sexual	Unwelcome or inappropriate sexual comments or touching
	• Harassment
	Looking/telling others 'to show'/invading privacy
Special	Name calling and/orderogatory terminology
Educational	 Taunting others because of their disability or learning needs
Needs,	• Taking advantage of some pupils' vulnerabilities and limited capacity
Disability	to recognise and defend themselves against bullying
	• Taking advantage of some pupils' vulnerabilities and limited capacity
	to understand social situations and social cues
(These	Mimicking a person's disability
examples	• Setting others up for ridicule
are not exhaustive)	
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- 4. The "Relevant Teacher(s)" for investigating and dealing with bullying in this school is/are as follows:
 - Principal
 - Deputy Principal
 - All Class Teachers
 - Any teacher may act as a relevant teacher if circumstances warrant it.

("At primary level, the relevant teacher will normally be the class teacher." Procedures 6.8.3).

5. The education and prevention strategies (including strategies specifically aimed at cyber-bullying and identity based bullying) used by the school are as follows:

School-wide approach

- A school-wide approach to the fostering of respect for all members of the school community.
- The promotion of the value of diversity to address issues of prejudice and stereotyping, and highlight the unacceptability of bullying behaviour.
- The fostering and enhancing of the self-esteem of all our pupils through both curricular and extracurricular activities. Pupils will be provided with opportunities to develop a positive sense of self-worth through formal and informal interactions.
- Whole staff professional development on bullying to ensure that all staff develops an awareness of what bullying is, how it impacts on pupils' lives and the need to respond to it-prevention and intervention.
- An regular audit of professional development needs with a view to assessing staff requirements through internal staff knowledge/expertise and external sources
- Professional development for teachers
- School wide awareness raising and training on all aspects of bullying, to include pupils, parents/guardians and the wider school community.
- Supervision and monitoring of classrooms, corridors, school grounds, school tours and extra- curricular activities. Non-teaching and ancillary staff will be encouraged to be vigilant and report issues to relevant teachers. Supervision will also apply to monitoring student use of communication technology within the school.
- Involvement of the student council in contributing to a safe school environment.
- Development and promotion of an Anti-Bullying code for the school-to be included in student journals and displayed publically in classrooms and in common areas of the school and on the school website.
- The school's anti-bullying policy is discussed with pupils and all parents/guardians are given a copy as part of the Code of Behaviour of the school on enrolment.
- The implementation of regular whole school awareness measures e.g. using the Wellbeing notice board in the school to regularly promote friendship and bullying prevention; annual Anti bullying Week; regular school or class assemblies by principal or deputy principal.
- Encourage a culture of telling, with particular emphasis on the importance of bystanders. In that way pupils will gain confidence in 'telling'. This confidence factor is of vital importance. It should be made clear to all pupils that when they report incidents of bullying they are not considered to be telling tales but are behaving responsibly.
- Ensuring that pupils know who to tell and how to tell, e.g.:
 - \circ $\,$ Direct approach to teacher at an appropriate time, for example after class.
 - Hand note up with homework.

- Make a phone call to the school
- Anti-bully or Worry box?
- Get a parent/guardian or friend to tell on your behalf.
- Ensure bystanders understand the importance of telling if they witness or know that bullying is taking place.
- Identify clear protocols to encourage parents/guardians to approach the school if they suspect that their child is being bullied. The protocol should be developed in consultation with parents.
- The development of an Acceptable Use Policy in the school to include the necessary steps to ensure that the access to technology within the school is strictly monitored, as is the pupils' use of mobile phones.

Implementation of curricula

- The full implementation of the SPHE and the RSE and Stay Safe Programmes.
- Continuous Professional Development for staff in delivering these programmes.
- School wide delivery of lessons on bullying from evidence based programmes, The Walk Tall Programme, Stay Safe, Webwise teaching resources, Relationships and Sexuality Education Programme, School wide lessons in bulling.
- The school will specifically consider the additional needs of SEN pupils with regard to programme implementation and the development of skills and strategies to enable all pupils to respond appropriately.

Links to other policies

Hereunder is a List of school policies, practices and activities that are particularly relevant to bullying:

- o Code of Behaviour
- Child Protection Policy,
- Supervision of Pupils,
- Acceptable Use policy,
- Attendance Policy,
- o Sporting Activities/ Extra Curricular Activities Policy
- School Tours Policy
- Health & Safety Policy

6. Procedures for Investigating and dealing with Bullying Behaviour

The school's procedures for investigation, follow-up and recording of bullying behaviour and the established intervention strategies used by the school for dealing with cases of bullying behaviour are as follows:

The primary aim in investigating and dealing with bullying is to resolve any issues and to restore, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved (rather than to apportion blame);

The school's procedures must be consistent with the following approach.

Every effort will be made to ensure that all involved (including pupils, parent(s)/guardian(s)) understand this approach from the outset.

Reporting bullying behaviour

- Any pupil or parent(s)/guardian(s) may bring a bullying incident to any teacher in the school.
- All reports, including anonymous reports of bullying, will be investigated and dealt with by the relevant teacher.
- Teaching and non-teaching staff such as secretaries, special needs assistants (SNAs), bus escorts, caretakers, cleaners must report any incidents of bullying behaviour witnessed by them, or mentioned to them, to the relevant teacher;

Investigating and dealing with incidents: Styles of approach:

- In investigating and dealing with bullying, the relevant teacher will exercise her professional judgement to determine whether bullying has occurred and how best the situation might be resolved;
- Parent(s)/guardian(s) and pupils are required to co-operate with any investigation and assist the school in resolving any issues and restoring, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved as quickly as possible;
- Teachers should take a calm, unemotional problem-solving approach.
- Where possible incidents may be investigated outside the classroom situation to ensure the privacy of all involved;
- All interviews should be conducted with sensitivity and with due regard to the rights of all pupils concerned. Pupils who are not directly involved can also provide very useful information in this way;
- Pupil should understand that there are no innocent bystanders and that all incidents of bullying behaviour must be reported to a teacher.
- When analysing incidents of bullying behaviour, the relevant teacher should seek answers to questions of what, where, when, who and why. This should be done in a calm manner, setting an example in dealing effectively with a conflict in a non-aggressive manner;
- If a group is involved, each member should be interviewed individually at first. Thereafter, all those involved should be met as a group.
- At the group meeting, each member should be asked for his/her account of what happened to ensure that everyone in the group is clear about each other's statements;
- Each member of a group should be supported through the possible pressures that may face them from the other members of the group after the interview by the teacher;
- It *may* also be appropriate or helpful to ask those involved to write down their account of the incident(s)
- In cases where it has been determined by the relevant teacher that bullying behaviour has occurred, the parent(s)/guardian(s) of the parties involved should be contacted at an early stage to inform them of the matter and explain the actions being taken (by reference to the school policy). The school should give parent(s)/guardian(s) an opportunity of discussing ways in which they can reinforce or support the actions being taken by the school and the supports provided to the pupils;
- Where the relevant teacher has determined that a pupil has been engaged in bullying behaviour, it should be made clear to her how she is in breach of the school's anti-bullying policy and efforts should be made to try to get her to see the situation from the perspective of the pupil being bullied;
- It must also be made clear to all involved (each set of pupils and parent(s)/guardian(s)) that in any situation where disciplinary sanctions are required, this is a private matter between the pupil being disciplined, his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) and the school;

Follow up and recording

- In determining whether a bullying case has been adequately and appropriately addressed the relevant teacher must, as part of her professional judgement, take the following factors into account:
 - Whether the bullying behaviour has ceased;
 - Whether any issues between the parties have been resolved as far as is practicable;
 - Whether the relationships between the parties have been restored as far as is practicable;
 - Any feedback received from the parties involved, their parent(s)/guardian(s)s or the school Principal or Deputy Principal
 - The situation will be monitored to ensure that the problem has been resolved. Records will be reviewed and analysed.
 - Where a parent(s)/guardian(s) is not satisfied that the school has dealt with a bullying case in accordance with these procedures, the parent(s)/guardian(s) must be referred, as appropriate, to the Board of Management..
 - In the event that a parent(s)/guardian(s) has exhausted the school's complaints procedures and is still not satisfied, the school must advise the parent(s)/guardian(s) of their right to make a complaint to the Ombudsman for Children.
 - The principal will report to the Board of Management the number of bullying cases since the previous board meeting.

Recording of bullying behaviour

It is imperative that all recording of bullying incidents must be done in an objective and factual manner. The school's procedures for noting and reporting bullying behaviour are as follows:

Informal- pre-determination that bullying has occurred

- All staff must keep a written record of any incidents witnessed by them or notified to them. Consideration needs to be given to where the records will be made. All incidents must be reported to the relevant teacher
- While all reports, including anonymous reports of bullying must be investigated and dealt with by the relevant teacher, the relevant teacher must keep a written record of the reports, the actions taken and any discussions with those involved regarding same
- The relevant teacher must inform the principal of all incidents being investigated.

Formal Stage 1-determination that bullying has occurred

- If it is established by the relevant teacher that bullying has occurred, the relevant teacher must keep appropriate written records which will assist her efforts to resolve the issues and restore, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved.
- The school in consultation with the relevant teacher/s should develop a protocol for the storage of all records retained by the relevant teacher.

Formal Stage 2-Appendix 1 (From DES Procedures)

The relevant teacher must use the DES recording template **Appendix 1** to record the bullying behaviour in the following circumstances:

- a) in cases where she considers that the bullying behaviour has not been adequately and appropriately addressed within 20 school days after she has determined that bullying behaviour occurred; and
- b) All confirmed instances of bullying behaviour must be recorded and reported immediately to the Principal or Deputy Principal as applicable.

The recording template must be retained by the relevant teacher in question and a copy maintained by the principal.

Teachers records are retained in a secure space in the teachers classroom. All report templates given to the Principal will be retained in the filing cabinet in the Principals Office.

Established intervention strategies

- Teacher interviews with all pupils
- Negotiating agreements between pupils and following these up by monitoring progress. This can be on an informal basis or implemented through a more structured mediation process
- Working with parent/guardian to support school interventions
- No Blame Approach
- Circle Time
- Restorative interviews
- Restorative conferencing

7. The school's programme of support for working with pupils affected by bullying is as follows:

- All in-school supports and opportunities will be provided for the pupils affected by bullying to participate in activities designed to raise their self-esteem, to develop friendships and social skills and build resilience e.g.
 - SPHE Lessons
 - Stay Safe Programme
 - o Walk Tall
 - Anti Bullying Week
 - Buddy system
 - Group work such as circle time
- If pupils require counselling or further supports the school will endeavour to liaise with the appropriate agencies to organise same. NEPS will also be contacted for advice
- Pupils should understand that there are no innocent bystanders and that all incidents of bullying behaviour must be reported to a teacher.
- Annual Anti-Bullying week in October
- The support teachers (SET) may facilitate one-to-one or small group self-esteem building activities in particular for SEN pupils.
- Teaching Cyber issues using Webwise on Cyber Bullying and Community Gardaí visits.
- Through the means of curricular and extracurricular activities to develop positive self worth.

8. Supervision and Monitoring of Pupils

The Board of Management confirms that appropriate supervision and monitoring policies and Practices are in place to both prevent and deal with bullying behaviour and to facilitate early intervention where possible.

9. Prevention of Harassment

The Board of Management confirms that the school will, in accordance with its obligations under equality legislation, take all such steps that are reasonably practicable to prevent the sexual harassment of pupils or staff or the harassment of pupils or staff on any of the nine grounds specified i.e. gender including transgender, civil status, family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and membership of the Traveller community.

10. This policy was adopted by the Board of Management at a meeting held on

ctober 17.70

11. This policy has been made available to school personnel, published on the school website and is readily accessible to parents the Parents' Association. A copy of this policy will be made available to the Department and the patron if requested.

12. This policy and its implementation will be reviewed by the Board of Management once in every school year. Written notification that the review has been completed will be made available to school personnel, published on the school website and be readily accessible to parents and pupils on request and provided to the Parents' Association. A record of the review and its outcome will be made available, if requested, to the patron and the Department.

Signed:	Signed:	Rosin (Principal)	Brennan
Date: 17/10/20	Date:	17/10	1'20.

Appendix (1): Template for Recording Bullying Behaviour (DES C45/2013)

1. Name of pupil being bullied and class group

Name ____

_____Class____

2. Name(s) and class(es) of pupil(s) engaged in bullying behaviour

3. Source of bullying

concern/report (tick relevant		
box(es))*		
Pupil concerned		
Other Pupil		
Parent		
Teacher		
Other		

4. Location of incidents		
(tick relevant box(es))*		
Playground		
Classroom		
Corridor		
Toilets		
School Bus		
Other		

5. Name of person(s) who reported the bullying concern

6. Type of Bullying Behaviour (tick relevant box(es)) *

Physical Aggression	Cyber-bullying	
Damage to Property	Intimidation	
Isolation/Exclusion	Malicious Gossip	
Name Calling	Other (specify)	

7. Where behaviour is regarded as identity-based bullying, indicate the relevant category:

Homophobic	Disability/SEN related	Racist	Membership of Traveller community	Other (specify)

8. Brief Description of bullying behaviour and its impact

9. Details of actions taken

Signed	(Relevant Tea

levant Teacher) Date _____

Date submitted to Principal/Deputy Principal _____

<u>* Note</u>: The categories listed in the tables 3, 4 & 6 are suggested and schools may add to or amend these to suit their own circumstances.